



Post-Acute Care Deals: From Diligence to Closing

Transacting in the Post-Acute Care Space Crash Course

November 21, 2017

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Agenda



- Pre-Acquisition
 - Why Post-Acute Care (“PAC”)?
 - Target Screening
- Transaction Due Diligence
 - Federal Fraud & Abuse Laws
 - Regulatory “Red Flags”
- Closing the Deal
 - State Law Issues
 - Government Payors



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Pre-Acquisition

Why Post-Acute Care (“PAC”)?



■ Market Fragmentation

- Effects:
 - Poor coordination of care
 - Higher re-admission rates
 - Sub-optimal patient outcomes
- Opportunities for consolidation and scale
- Integrated continuum of post-acute care

■ Changing Landscape of Post-Acute Care

- Increase in PAC utilization
- New payment models



12,313 HHAs



15,263 SNFs



1,188 IRFs



427 LTACHs

Source: MedPAC

Target Screening

Key Evaluation Criteria for PACs



- Leadership: Is the existing leadership/management committed to success?
 - Especially important for those new to the PAC industry
- Quality & Performance: Does the PAC demonstrate long term, systemic success in the field?
 - Commitment to value-based care
 - Using data to guide improvement (e.g., re-admissions, length of stay)
 - Care transitions
- Sustainability: Is there a finance model in place that is sustainable, or better yet, profitable?
- Flexibility: Able to adapt to the ever-changing healthcare reimbursement landscape?



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Transaction Due Diligence

Federal Fraud & Abuse Laws

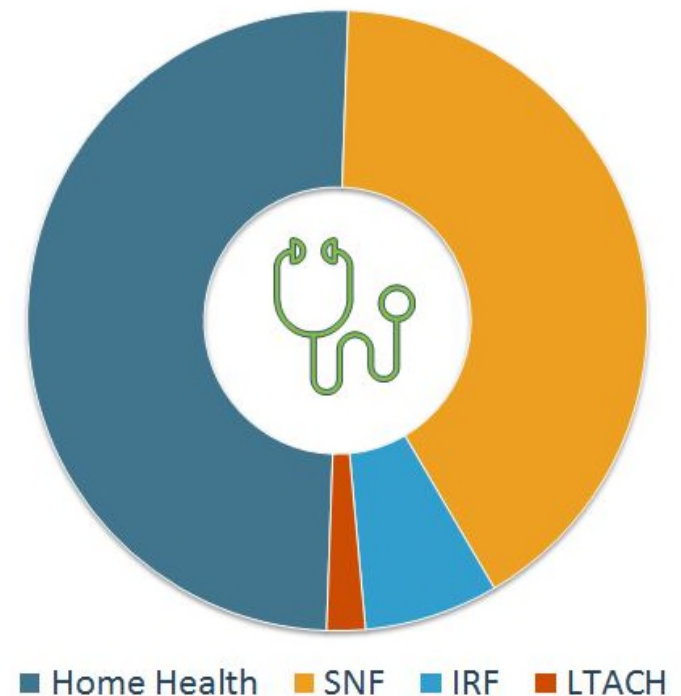


- The Anti-Kickback Statute (42 USC 1320a-7b(b))
 - Prohibits accepting, offering, paying, or receiving anything of value to induce or reward referrals or generate federal health care program business
- The Stark Law (42 USC 1395nn)
 - Prohibits self-interested referrals from a physician to a health care entity that result in a claim to reimbursement to a federal health care program for certain designated health services
- False Claims Act (31 USC 3729)
 - Prohibits knowingly submitting, or causing another to submit, a false claim to the government or failing to pay an overpayment back to the government
- Civil Monetary Penalties Law (42 USC 1320a-7a)
 - Imposes civil money penalties for various forms of fraud and abuse involving the Medicare and Medicaid programs

Regulatory “Red Flags”



- Referral Relationships
 - **Red Flag:** Compensation structures that are linked to the volume or value of patients or referrals
 - **Red Flag:** Agreements that obligate the parties to refer to one another
- Discounts and Swapping
 - **Red Flag:** Offering higher discounts to providers who are better situated to refer patients
- Marketing Practices and Materials
 - **Red Flag:** Marketing that specifically targets Medicare/Medicaid beneficiaries
 - **Red Flag:** Percentage-based compensation arrangements for marketers



Improper Billing Practices



- Examples of Improper Billing Practices:
 - Billing for medically unnecessary services
 - Billing for services that were not rendered
 - Upcoding: claims that are improperly coded to overstate the severity of the patients' conditions, resulting in overpayments
- Improper Billing Practices Specific to HHAs:
 - Wrongfully certifying patients as homebound
 - Claims submitted for services that inappropriately overlapped with claims for inpatient hospital stays
 - Billing for services on dates after patients' deaths
- **Red Flag:** Poor compliance program and/or written compliance policies



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Closing the Deal

State Law Issues & Government Payors



- Licensing
 - Will the transaction trigger any licensing requirements?
 - For states that require Certificates of Need for PACs, determine what will be required of new owners
- Corporate Practice of Medicine (“CPOM”)
 - If the transaction is occurring in a state that prohibits CPOM, identify a compliant post-closing legal structure
 - “Friendly PC” arrangements trigger certain additional regulatory concerns
- Change of Ownership (“CHOW”) Requirements
 - Medicare: providers undergoing a CHOW are required to transfer Medicare Identification number and provider agreement, or complete a re-enrollment
 - Medicaid: state-by-state

Questions?



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Upcoming Webinars

Transacting in the Post-Acute Care Space Crash Course Series



- **Post-Acute Preferred Provider Arrangements—Strategies for Partnership**
Tuesday, November 28 at 2:00 – 2:15 p.m. ET
Presenter: Clifford E. Barnes

To register, please visit: <http://www.ebglaw.com/events/>

Thank you.